TOWN OF OLDS

Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2015

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Young Parkyn McNab LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To:

The Mayor and Members of Council of

the Town of Olds

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Town of Olds which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2015, and the consolidated statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Olds as at December 31, 2015 and the results of its operations, changes in its net financial assets (debt) and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Lethbridge, Alberta

April 25, 2016

Chartered Accountants

Young Parkyn M. Mals LLP

MANAGEMENT REPORT

The consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Town of Olds.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared from information provided by management. Financial statements are not precise since they include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. Management has determined such amounts on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects.

The Town maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate and that the Town's assets are properly accounted for and adequately safeguarded.

The elected Council of the Town of Olds is responsible for ensuring that management fulfils its responsibilities for financial statements. Council carries out its responsibility principally through the committee of the whole.

The Council, through its committee, meets annually with management and the external auditors to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues, and to satisfy itself that each party is properly discharging its responsibilities. Council also considers the engagement or re-appointment of the external auditors. Council reviews the monthly financial reports.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Young Parkyn McNab LLP, Chartered Accountants, the external auditors, in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards on behalf of the Council, residents and ratepayers of the Town. Young Parkyn McNab LLP has full and free access to the Council.

Young Parkyn McNab LLP

TOWN OF OLDS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at December 31, 2015

		2015	2014
Financial assets			
Cash and temporary investments (note 2)	\$	3,173,203	1,016,445
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (note 3)	-	466,181	365,154
Trade and other receivables (note 4)		1,919,475	2,311,797
Loan receivable (note 5)		13,680,030	10,955,236
Investments (note 6)		6,360,377	9,769,160
Inventory held for resale		14,267	7,680
		25,613,533	24,425,472
Liabilities			
Line of credit (note 7)		380,000	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,345,375	2,157,016
Employee benefit obligations (note 8)		172,067	191,741
Deposits		13,455	16,755
Deferred revenue (note 9)		479,763	762,699
Long-term debt (note 10)		18,527,381	17,896,799
		21,918,041	21,025,010
Net financial assets		3,695,492	3,400,462
Non-financial assets			
Prepaid expenses		116,339	15,489
Tangible capital assets (schedule 2)		71,369,567	69,367,458
		71,485,906	69,382,947
Accumulated surplus (note 12)	\$	75,181,398	72,783,409

Commitments and contingencies (note 21)

Approved on behalf of Council:

Mayor

Councillor

TOWN OF OLDS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the year ended December 31, 2015

	2015 Budget		2015	2014
6	(Unaudited)		2015	2014
Revenue				
Net municipal taxes (note 15)	\$ 8,131,358	\$	8,122,514 \$	7,668,794
User fees and sales of goods	 7,925,855	1	8,328,768	7,461,703
Government transfers for operating (note 16)	1,047,130		1,058,692	1,016,567
Investment income	190,000		225,068	215,515
Penalties and costs of taxes	304,500		297,421	276,484
Development levies			70,131	190,675
Licenses and permits	369,600		253,603	395,348
Franchise and concession contracts	1,129,410		1,120,819	1,069,435
Rentals and other	200,500		207,644	201,927
Sales to other governments	192,900		204,898	188,292
	19,491,253		19,889,558	18,684,740
Expenses (note 17)				
Legislative	303,852		298,721	332,424
Administration	1,550,700		1,653,817	1,393,248
Protective services	2,305,820		2,555,861	2,389,999
Transportation services	1,723,947		2,826,148	2,904,481
Water and waste water	2,476,615		3,103,590	3,020,632
Wastewater treatment and disposal	3,043,590		3,376,585	2,707,562
Waste management	1,285,430		1,193,752	982,930
Public health and welfare services	534,420		507,475	511,736
Planning and development	1,330,490		1,146,588	1,131,701
Recreation, parks and culture	4,115,381		4,447,297	4,265,213
	18,670,245		21,109,834	19,639,926
Deficiency of revenue over expenses before other	821,008		(1,220,276)	(955,186)
OR PRICE	021,000		(1,220,210)	(333,100)
Other	0.000 = 1 =		0.054.545	0.000.00=
Government transfers for capital (note 16)	3,260,510		3,051,717	2,838,027
Capital donations			566,548	-
Contributed assets	750,000			269,895
	4,010,510		3,618,265	3,107,922
Excess of revenue over expenses	4,831,518		2,397,989	2,152,736
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	72,783,409	ď	72,783,409	70,630,673
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 77,614,927	\$	75,181,398 \$	72,783,409
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TOWN OF OLDS

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS For the year ended December 31, 2015

	2015 Budget (Unaudited)		2014
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 4,831,518 \$	2,397,989 \$	2,152,736
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Contributed assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	(6,586,950) 463,370 (750,000) (72,500)	(5,141,868) 2,924,837 - 14,270 200,653	(3,978,045) 2,734,787 (269,895) 38,473 70,647
	(6,946,080)	(2,002,108)	(1,404,033)
Net change in prepaid expense	¥X S	(100,851)	(975)
Change in net financial assets Net financial assets, beginning of year	(2,114,562) 3,400,462	295,030 3,400,462	747,728 2,652,734
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 1,285,900 \$	3,695,492	3,400,462

TOWN OF OLDS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW For the year ended December 31, 2015

		2015	2014
Operating transactions		x^{i_1}	
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	2,397,989 \$	2,152,736
Adjustments for items which do not affect cash		-,, +	-,,,,-,,,,,
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		14,270	38,473
Amortization of tangible capital assets	55	2,924,837	2,734,787
Contributed assets			(269,895)
		5,337,096	4,656,101
Net change in non-cash working capital items			
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable		(101,027)	79,881
Trade and other receivables		392,320	(542,328)
Loan receivable		(2,724,794)	(5,843,422)
Inventory held for resale		(6,587)	8,974
Prepaid expenses		(100,851)	(975)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		188,359	3,599
Employee benefit obligations		(19,674)	(5,390)
Deposits		(3,300)	(2,650)
Deferred revenue		(282,936)	106,552
Cash provided by (applied to) operating transactions		2,678,606	(1,539,658)
Capital transactions			
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		200,653	70,647
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(5,141,868)	(3,978,045)
Cash applied to capital transactions		(4,941,215)	(3,907,398)
Investing transactions	25	17	16.7
Purchase of investments		(5,387,750)	(4,471,009)
Proceeds on sale of investments		8,796,535	(4,471,003)
Cash provided by (applied to) investing transactions		3,408,785	(4,471,009)
Financing transactions			
Proceeds of long-term debt		1,600,000	6,400,000
Repayment of long-term debt		(969,418)	(943,844)
Cash provided by financing transactions		630,582	5,456,156
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,776,758	(4,461,909)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,016,445	5,478,354
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,793,203 \$	1,016,445
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:			
Cash and temporary investments (note 2)	\$	3,173,203 \$	1,016,445
Line of credit (note 7)		(380,000)	-
,	Φ.	27	1.010.445
	\$	2,793,203 \$	1,016,445

1. Significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Olds are the representations of management prepared in accordance with public sector accounting standards for local government established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

(a) Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity which comprises all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Town and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

Taxes levied also includes requisitions for educational, health care, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

(b) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(c) Inventories for resale

Inventory held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

(d) Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

(e) Debt charges recoverable

Debt charges recoverable consist of amounts that are recoverable from municipal agencies or other local governments with respect to outstanding debentures or other long-term debt pursuant to annexation orders or joint capital undertakings. These recoveries are recorded at a value that equals the offsetting portion of the unmatured long-term debt, less actuarial requirements for the retirement of any sinking fund debentures.

1. Significant accounting policies, continued

Requisition over-levy and under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the underlevy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

(g) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(h) Tax revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

Contaminated sites liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

Government transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated change in net financial assets (debt) for the year.

Significant accounting policies, continued

(k) Non-financial assets, continued

(i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

- 0	Years	
Land improvements	15-25	
Buildings	25-50	
Engineered structures	15-75	
Machinery and equipment	5-40	

Assets under construction are not amortized until put into use.

(ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

(iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(iv) Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost determined by the first-in first-out method.

(v) Cultural and historical tangible capital assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets.

2. Cash and temporary investments

	The second secon		
*	\$	3,173,203 \$	1,016,445
Temporary investments	<u> </u>	3,058,927	-
Cash	\$	114,276 \$	1,016,445
-		2015	2014

Temporary investments consist of guaranteed investment certificates with maturities of three months or less.

119,027

945,013

1,919,475 \$

\$

119,667

1,396,232

2,311,797

Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables		
	2015	2014
Current taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable Arrears taxes receivable (Over) under-levies	\$ 368,511 \$ 94,032 3,638	246,097 122,937 (3,880)
	\$ 466,181 \$	365,154
Trade and other receivables		
	2015	2014
Utility accounts receivable	\$ 855,435 \$	795,898

5. Loan receivable

Goods and services tax

Trade and other receivable

Olds Institute for Community and Regional Development (OICRD) was granted a loan to fund the installation of fibre optics within the Town boundaries in order to provide high speed internet service for residents and businesses. Principal and interest are payable in installments which match the payments on the debenture the Town has taken from Alberta Capital Finance. The term of the receivable matches the term of the debentures, maturing between 2021 and 2030.

The loan receivable is secured by a collateral mortgage over land, a mortgage of rights of way, an assignment of insurance policies, an assignment of leases and rents, an assignment of contracts, construction documents, plans, and designs, an assignment of the network system, an unlimited guarantee from Olds Fibre Ltd., and general security agreements.

6. Investments

Investments consist of guaranteed investment certificates that bear interest at rates ranging from 1.2% to 2.35% (2014 - 1.7% to 2.55%) per annum and mature in periods from 2016 through 2018.

7. Line of credit

The Town has established a line of credit with a Canadian chartered bank to a maximum of \$500,000 which bears interest at prime less 0.25% per annum.

8. Employee benefit obligations

		2015	2014
Vacation payable Overtime payable		\$ 160,720 \$ 11,347	177,131 14,609
9 =	-	\$ 172,067 \$	191,741

Vacation and overtime

The vacation and overtime liability is comprised of the vacation and overtime that employees are deferring to future years. Employees have either earned the benefits (and they are vested) or are entitled to these benefits within the next budgetary year.

9. Deferred revenue

	2015	2014
Municipal Sustainability Initiative - capital	\$ 302,153 \$	420,354
Federal Gas Tax Fund - capital	40,562	235,194
New Police Officers Grant	25,000	25,000
Other	112,048	82,151
	\$ 479,763 \$	762,699

10. Long-term debt

	2015	2014
Debentures supported by general tax levies	\$ 4,673,748	\$ 4,894,189
Debentures supported by utility rates	1,886,070	2,046,665
Debentures supported by loan repayment agreement	11,967,563	10,941,723
Royal Bank of Canada long-term borrowing		14,222
	\$ 18,527,381	\$ 17,896,799
Current portion	\$ 1,130,994	\$ 937,254

10. Long-term debt, continued

Principal and interest repayments are due as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 1,130,994 \$	622,357 \$	1,753,351
2017	1,489,548	579,968	2,069,516
2018	1,592,899	529,002	2,121,901
2019	1,646,540	475,361	2,121,901
2020	1,702,295	419,605	2,121,900
Thereafter	10,965,105	2,403,875	13,368,980
993 e	\$ 18,527,381 \$	5,030,168 \$	23,557,549

Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 2.226% to 6.25% per annum, before Provincial subsidy, and matures in periods 2021 through 2042.

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town at large.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$313,089 (2014 - \$333,585).

The Town's total cash payments for interest were \$323,025 (2014 - \$342,324).

11. Contaminated sites liability

On January 1, 2015, the Town adopted PS3260 liability for contaminated sites. The standard was applied on a retroactive basis and did not result in any adjustments to the financial liabilities, tangible capital assets or accumulated surplus of the Town.

The Town's sewage treatment plant was shutdown in August, 2015. A reasonable estimate to decommission the plant cannot be made until Alberta Environment has approved the Town's decommissioning plan.

12. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of internally restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	 2015	2014
Unrestricted surplus Internally restricted surplus (reserves) (note 13) Equity in tangible capital assets (note 14)	\$ 3,427,733 6,943,916 64,809,749	\$ 3,286,189 7,084,838 62,412,382
Li Control de la	\$ 75,181,398	\$

13. Reserves

Council has set up reserves for various purposes. These reserves are either required by legislation or set up at the discretion of Council to provide funding for future expenses.

		2015	2014
Operating			
General	\$	1,398,014 \$	1,261,116
Perpetual care		192,838	192,838
Utilities		6,219	-
NU2U		60,102	60,585
Olds Fashioned Christmas		16,476	16,476
Fire reserve		50.940	37,683
RCMP DARE reserve		5,190	5,190
Snow removal		147,000	110,000
	- 6	1,876,779	1,683,888
Capital			
Utility reserve		909,121	909,121
Road and other infrastructure		566,895	591,895
South Red Deer Regional Wastewater Commission		59,580	570,244
General		451,571	545,825
Building reserve		1,037,395	709,680
Offsite levies - transportation		510,242	572,866
Offsite levies - water		316,710	407,636
Offsite levies - wastewater		195,286	286,212
Offsite levies - storm sewer		175,568	175,568
Equipment replacement		461,412	242,961
Parks		65,736	65,736
Municipal reserve		138,087	135,684
Restricted reserves for specific purposes		76,497	91,497
Fire - small equipment		103,037	96,025
<u> </u>		5,067,137	5,400,950
	\$	6,943,916 \$	7,084,838

14. Equity in tangible capital assets

	2015 2014
Tangible capital assets (schedule 2)	\$ 123,778,847 \$ 119,921,379
Accumulated amortization (schedule 2)	(52,409,280) (50,553,921)
Long-term debt (note 10)	(18,527,381) (17,896,799)
Non-capital long-term debt (note 10)	11,967,563 10,941,723
	\$ 64,809,749 \$ 62,412,382

TOWN OF OLDS NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2015

ı	Net municipal property taxes			
_	e .	2015 Budget (Unaudited)	2015	2014
	Taxation Real property taxes Linear property taxes Frontage taxes Government grants in place of property taxes	\$ 11,784,613 - 8,100 -	\$ 11,584,597 150,028 8,037 41,207	\$ 11,020,753 132,876 8,037 51,486
36	, "	11,792,713	11,783,869	11,213,152
	Requisitions Alberta School Foundation Fund Mountain View Senior Housing	3,478,801 182,554	3,478,801 182,554	3,363,130 181,228
-		3,661,355	3,661,355	3,544,358
_		\$ 8,131,358	\$ 8,122,514	\$ 7,668,794
-	Government transfers	(4)		g e
,	dovernment transfers	2015 Budget (Unaudited)	2015	2014
	Transfers for operating: Provincial conditional grants Other local governments	\$ 680,520 366,610	\$ 677,676 381,016	\$ 642,023 374,544
		1,047,130	 1,058,692	1,016,567
	Transfers for capital Provincial grants Federal grants Other local governments	2,608,590 651,920	2,307,557 674,160 70,000	2,312,135 230,340 295,552
		3,260,510	3,051,717	2,838,027
	" "	\$ 4,307,640	\$ 4,110,409	\$ 3,854,594

Expenditures by object	2015 Budget (Unaudited)	2015	2014
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 6,432,104 \$	6,345,487 \$	5,872,013
Contracted and general services	4,086,010	3,560,206	3,899,168
Purchases from other governments	4,404,445	4,824,978	3,908,740
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities	1,912,245	1,927,113	1,857,374
Amortization of tangible capital assets	463,370	2,924,837	2,734,787
Transfers to organizations and others	1,075,360	1,129,064	942,035
Interest on long-term debt	316,661	313,089	333,585
Bank charges and short-term interest	36,900	38,217	39,971
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	(72,500)	14,270	38,473
Other expenditures	15,650	32,573	13,780
	\$ 18,670,245 \$	21,109,834 \$	19,639,926

18. Local Authorities Pension Plan

Employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is covered by the Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The Plan serves about 237,612 people and about 423 employers. It is financed by employer and employee contributions and investment earnings of the LAPP fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenses in the year in which they become due.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 11.39% (2014 - 11.39%) of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 15.84% (2014 - 15.84%) on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the Town are required to make current service contributions of 10.39% (2014 - 10.39%) of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 14.84% (2014 - 14.84%) on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2015 were \$424,932 (2014 - 383,338). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2015 were \$462,670 (2014 - \$352,134).

At December 31, 2014, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial deficiency of \$2.45 billion.

19. Salary and benefits disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for elected municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	(1)	(2) Benefits &		
/ 	Salary	allowances	2015	2014
Council				
Mayor Dahl	\$ 54,064 \$	6,175 \$	60,239 \$	57,971
Councillor Bearchell	22,027	5,034	27,061	28,884
Councillor Bennett	23,476	5,238	28,714	31,514
Councillor Durieux	25,501	5,140	30,641	30,965
Councillor Harper	24,776	2,693	27,469	30,109
Councillor Overwater	25,856	5,150	31,006	33,441
Councillor Walsh	31,901	5,348	37,249	35,137
Chief Administrative Officer	\$ 163,338 \$	38,318 \$	201,656 \$	191,680

- (1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (2) Benefits and allowances include the employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees. Benefits and allowances figures also include the Town's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including travel allowances and car allowances.

Benefits and allowances figures also include the employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, financial planning services, retirement planning services, concessionary loans, travel allowances, car allowances, and club memberships.

20. Segmented disclosure

The Town provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those used in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (schedule 3).

21. Commitments and contingencies

- a) The Town of Olds is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange. Under the terms of membership, the Town could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.
- b) The Town has agreed to guarantee a line of credit for \$4,000,000 received by the Olds Institute for Community and Regional Development from a local financial institution for a period not to exceed five years beginning August 27, 2012. As at December 31, 2015, the principal balance of the loan was \$3,883,798 (2014 \$3,131,404).
- c) The Town has entered into operating leases for vehicles and equipment as follows.

Payments over the next three years are as follows: 2016	\$	198.941
2017	Ψ	164,751
2018		152,663
	\$	516 355

22. Debt limits

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town be disclosed as follows:

	 2015	2014
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 29,834,340 \$ 22,411,179	28,027,110 21,028,203
a .	\$ 7,423,161 \$	6,998,907
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	\$ 4,972,390 \$ 1,753,351	4,671,185 1,570,724
	\$ 3,219,039 \$	3,100,461

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities which could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

The total debt of \$22,411,179 includes the principal balance of the loan guarantee (\$3,883,798) for the Olds Institute for Community and Regional Development, as disclosed in note 21.

The 2015 budget for the Town was approved by Council on April 27, 2015 and has been reported in the consolidated financial statements for information purposes only. These budget amounts have not been audited, reviewed, or otherwise verified.

The approved budget contained reserve transfers, capital additions and principal payments on debt as expenditures. Since these items are not included in the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements, they have been excluded from the budget amounts presented in these financial statements.

Equals:	Approved budget	\$ -
Add:	Transfers from reserves	3,638,360
	Transfers to reserves	(1,484,679)
	Long-term debt repayments	(398,249)
Less:	Capital expenses	(6,586,950)
Budgeted	surplus per financial statements	\$ 4,831,518

24. Financial instruments

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, accounts receivable, investments, loans receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposit liabilities, and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risk arising from these financial instruments.

The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfil their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

25. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were approved by Council and Management.

26. Comparative figures

Where necessary the comparative figures for the 2014 year, have been reclassified to conform with 2015 financial statement presentation.

TOWN OF OLDS SCHEDULES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2015

Schedule of changes in acc	umı	ılated surplu	S				Schedule 1
•	U	nrestricted		l Restricted	iity in tangible apital assets	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year Excess of revenue over	\$	3,286,189	\$	7,084,838	\$ 62,412,382	\$ 72,783,409 \$	70,630,673
expenses Unrestricted funds		2,397,989				2,397,989	2,152,736
designated for future use Restricted funds used for		(1,177,374)		1,177,374	я.	: . .	=
operations Restricted funds used for		164,232		(164,232)	:=	(- :
tangible capital assets Current year funds used for				(1,154,064)	1,154,064	*	-
tangible capital assets Disposal of tangible capital		(3,987,804)		·= *	3,987,804	ш.	=
assets Amortization of tangible		214,922			(214,922)	•	•
capital assets		2,924,837		-	(2,924,837)		9 8
Capital long term debt repaid		(395,258)			395,258	(-	
Change in accumulated surplus		141,544		(140,922)	2,397,367	2,397,989	2,152,736
Balance, end of year	\$	3,427,733	\$	6,943,916	\$ 64,809,749	\$ 75,181,398 \$	72,783,409

SCHEDULES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2015

Schedule of tangible capital assets	al assets				F.				Schedule 2
	Land	Land improvements	Buildings	Engineered N structures	Machinery and equipment	Con Vehicles p	Construction in progress	2015	2014
Cost: Balance, beginning of year\$ Acquisitions Construction-in-progress Disposals	3,574,401	\$ 1,750,201 \$ 1,476,879 9,583	22,579,149 \$ 348,479 118,535	83,728,478 \$ 2,669,739 109,589 (609,956)	3,816,840 \$ 580,614 - (83,190)	4,129,602 \$ 45,816 - (591,254)	342,708 \$ 20,341 (237,707)	119,921,379 \$ 5,141,868 (1,284,400)	115,914,839 4,247,940 - (241,400)
Balance, end of year	3,574,401	3,236,663	23,046,163	85,897,850	4,314,264	3,584,164	125,342	123,778,847	119,921,379
Accumulated amortization: Balance, beginning of year Annual amortization Disposals		443,716 219,872 -	7,653,952 507,291	39,383,582 1,677,935 (556,276)	1,582,758 283,896 (15,722)	1,489,912 235,843 (497,480)	1 1 1	50,553,921 2,924,837 (1,069,478)	47,951,412 2,734,787 (132,278)
Balance, end of year	35 (2)	663,588	8,161,243	40,505,241	1,850,932	1,228,275	1	52,409,280	50,553,921
Net book value \$	3,574,401 \$	- 11	2,573,075 \$ 14,884,920 \$	45,392,609 \$	2,463,332 \$	2,355,889 \$	125,342 \$	125,342 \$ 71,369,567 \$	69,367,458
2014 net book value	3,574,401 \$	- 11	1,306,486 \$ 14,925,197 \$ 44,344,895 \$	44,344,895 \$	2,234,081 \$	2,639,690 \$	φ.	69,367,458	

SCHEDULE TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2015

Schedule of segmented disclosure								Schedule 3
October and the state of the st	General government	Protective services	Transportation services	Environmental services	Public health services	Planning and development	Recreation and culture	Total
Revenile								
Net municipal taxes	\$ 8.122.514	· 69	· ·	· ·	€:	ι (€5	\$ 8 122 514
User fees and sales of goods		132,432	11,675	7,249,824	158,652	51.294	633.190	
Government transfers for operating	•	376,075	is is	î E	233,348		449,269	1,058,692
Investment income	225,068		- F	ï	•	<u>.</u>	1	225,068
Penalties and costs of taxes	90,552	188,453	E.	18,416	î	i I	,	297,421
Development levies	٠	1	32,535	37,596	î	1	1	70,131
Licenses and permits	000	22,240	2,821	ű i	1	228,542	u 1	253,603
Rentals and other	1,120,019	200 644	18 1	1	(()	C	, 4	1,120,819
Sales to other governments	î	196,898	8,000	ï	77 1	•	2000,	204,898
	9,650,654	1,118,742	55,031	7,305,836	392,000	279,836	1,087,459	19,889,558
Expenses								B 92
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,010,369	720,339	553,443	1,039,066	275,930	649,517	2.096,823	6,345,487
Contracted and general services	559,350	340,299	458,617	1,334,848	55,949	207,922	603,221	3,560,206
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities	309,743	151,612	670,866	227,250	11,385	15,438	540,819	1,927,113
Bank charges and short term interest	24,252		E	r	864	**************************************	13,101	38,217
Interest on long term debt	iii	147,829	30	115,391	Ĩ.	T.	49,869	313,089
Other expenditures	Ĭ.		r	(104)		32,677	• 2000	32,573
Transfers to organizations and others	¥	2,000	1	355,159	155,717	150,000	463,187	1,129,064
Purchases from other governments		898,597	1	3,835,347	14 5 9 (5	91,035	111	4,824,978
Amortization of tangible capital assets	48,822	268,190	1,145,098	769,263	12,416	ij	681,047	2,924,837
Loss of disposal of tariginite capital assets	•	50,330	(1,0,0)	(2,532)	(4,700)	•	(0//)	14,270
	1,952,536	2,555,861	2,826,148	7,673,928	507,475	1,146,589	4,447,297	21,109,834
Deficiency of revenue over expenses before other	7,698,118	(1,437,119)	(2,771,117)	(368,092)	(115,475)	(866,753)	(3,359,838)	(1,220,276)
Other		8						
Government transfers for capital	238,314	E.	1,844,086	463,982	í	ï	505,335	3,051,717
Capital donations	ı	1	4,000	.1(Y		562,548	566,548
(10) (10) (10)	238,314	ï	1,848,086	463,982	ĩ	ĸ	1,067,883	3,618,265
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 7,936,432	\$ (1,437,119)	\$ (923,031)	\$ 95,890	\$ (115,475)	\$ (866,753)	\$ (2,291,955)	\$ 2,397,989